WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

5

15

- 1. A composition comprising a first and second peptide, the first peptide comprising a CTL-inducing epitope and the second peptide comprising either an HIV infection-inhibiting sequence or a T helper cell-inducing epitope.
- 2. The composition of claim 1, wherein the second peptide comprises an HIV infection-inhibiting sequence.
 - 3. The composition of claim 1) wherein the second peptide comprises a T helper cell-inducing epitope.
 - 4. The composition of claim 1, wherein the first peptide comprises a sequence which is both a CTL-inducing epitope and an HIV infection-inhibiting sequence.
 - 5. The composition of claim 1, comprising a first, second, and third peptide, wherein the first peptide comprises a CTL-inducing epitope, the second peptide comprises a T helper cell-inducing epitope, and the third peptide comprises an HIV infection-inhibiting sequence.
- 30 6. The composition of claim 1, wherein the T helper cell-inducing epitope is characterized as having an amphipathicity value of from about plus 10 to about plus 20.
- 7. The composition of claim 1, wherein the sequence of the

- 5 8. The composition of claim 7, wherein the sequence of the peptide comprising a CTL-inducing epitope comprises a sequence in accordance with those presented in Table 1.
- 9. The composition of claim 7, wherein the sequence of the first, second or third peptides comprises a sequence derived from an HIV envelope gene product.
 - 10. The composition of claim 9, wherein the sequence of the first, second or third peptides comprises a sequence derived from HIV gp120.
 - 11. The composition of claim 10, wherein the sequence of the peptide comprising a CTL-inducing epitope comprises a sequence derived from the V3 loop of HIV gp120.

One of the state o

- 12. The composition of claim 11, wherein the sequence of the V3 loop-derived CTL-inducing peptide comprises a sequence in accordance with those presented in Table 2.
- 13. The composition of claim 12, wherein the sequence of the V3 loop-derived CTL-inducing peptide includes the sequence RIQRGPGRAFVTIGK (R15K, seq id no:1).
- 35 14. The composition of claim 10, wherein the sequence of the

peptide comprising /a T helper cell-inducing epitope comprises a sequence derived from an HIV gp120 sequence characterized as having an amphipathicity value of from about plus 10 to about plus 20.

5

The composition of claim 14, wherein the sequence of the T helper cell-inducing peptide includes the sequence CRIKQIINMWQGVGKAMYA (C19A, seq id no:2).

10

The composition of claim 9, wherein the peptide comprising an HIV infection-inhibiting sequence comprises a sequence wherein antibodies against which sequence are capable of inhibiting HIV cellular infection.

The composition of clarm 10, wherein the sequence of the HIV 17. infection-inhibiting pepti, de \comprises a sequence derived from the V3 loop, the N-terminal portion, or the CD4 binding region of HIV gp120.

TREGULES 0

Ü

The composition of claim 17, wherein the sequence of the HIV 18. infection-inhibiting peptide comprises a sequence in accordance with those presented in Table 11A.

30

The composition of claim 17, wherein the sequence of the HIV infection-inhibiting peptide includes the sequence RIQRGPGRAFVT/IGK (R15K, seq id no:1)\, NNTRKSIRIQRGPGRAFVTIGKIG (N24G, seq Ad no:3), EQLWVTVYYGVPV (E13V, seq id no:4), RAFVTIGK (R8K, seq /id no:5), TKGPGRVIYATGQ (Tit3Q, seq id no:6), or HIGPGRAFY/TTKN (H13N, seq id no:7).

35

- 5
- The composition of claim 1, wherein the peptides are monomers, polymers or lipid-tailed peptides.
- 10
- The composition of claim 1, wherein the peptides are dispersed in a pharmacologically acceptable vehicle.
- The composition of claim 1, wherein the sequences of the first or second peptides are derived from an influenza virus protein or a sendai virus protein
- TERMUNES OF CE
- The composition of claim 23, wherein the sequence of the 24. peptide includes the sequence TYQRTRALVTG or HGEFAPGNYPALWSYA
 - (sog of 00:3)
- A method of immunization, comprising administering to an animal an immunologically effective amount of a composition in accordance with any of claims 3 through 23.
- 30
- A method/for enhancing the CTL response of an animal to a CTL-inducing/immunogen comprising additionally administering to the animal /an immunologically effective amount of a peptide bearing a /T helper cell epitope.

- 27. A method for identifying a candidate substance capable of enhancing a CTL response comprising:
 - (a) administering to an animal both the candidate substance and an immunogen capable of inducing a CTL response;
 - (b) recovering CTLs from the animal; and
 - (c) determining whether the CTL response is enhanced by the presence of the candidate substance.
- 28. A method for inhibiting HIV infection of target cells, comprising contacting said target cells with an immunologically effective amount of a composition in accordance with any of claims 2 and claims 4 through 22

5

10